



FISCAL YEAR 2027

Appropriations to Address Hunger

■ Bread for the World

Fiscal year 2027 will prove to be a critical year where, with the right action, the world can once again reverse rising hunger and malnutrition amid ongoing global challenges. The United States has led the global response to the needs of the world's most vulnerable people for decades. **Congress should protect this legacy and redouble its commitment to poverty eradication and nutrition-focused development.** Specifically, Bread for the World urges Congress to prioritize funding in the below appropriations accounts.

Bread for the World is a Christian advocacy organization urging U.S. decision makers to do all they can to pursue a world without hunger.

IN STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS (SENATE SFOPS & HOUSE NSRP)

The following accounts appear in the FY27 international aid funding bill.

\$9.4B

for Global
Health
Programs

President's
Budget Request:

\$5.1B
FY27

\$9.4B
FY26

\$10B
FY25

Global health programs support critical health initiatives like combating HIV/AIDS, malaria, tuberculosis, and polio; advancing global health security; and strengthening programs to support maternal and child health, vulnerable children, and more.



► **\$165M**
for Nutrition in
Global Health
Programs

President's
Budget Request:

Account Detail
Not Given
FY27

\$165M
FY26

\$165M
FY25

These programs focus on evidence-based interventions affecting children's survival and physical and cognitive development. \$165 million could prevent stunting for more than 34,000 children, cure more than 185,000 women of anemia, support 110,000 mothers to breastfeed their children, and provide life-saving treatment for 61,000 children experiencing wasting.ⁱ This account is also essential to effectively implementing the Global Malnutrition Prevention and Treatment Act, enacted in October 2022.

► **\$300M**
for Gavi, the
Vaccine Alliance

President's
Budget Request:

Account Detail
Not Given
FY27

\$300M
FY26

\$300M
FY25

We support programs that include funding for nutrition programs and efforts to combat neglected tropical diseases, including the contribution for Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance. Since 2000, Gavi has immunized more than 1.2 billion children, preventing nearly 21 million deaths.ⁱⁱ Gavi makes vaccines more affordable for countries with limited resources, enabling them to provide one of the most cost-effective interventions to save lives.

► **\$5.4B**
for HIV/AIDS
(PEPFAR)

President's
Budget Request:

Account Detail
Not Given
FY27

\$5.4B
FY26

\$4.85B
FY25

Since 2003, the U.S. government has invested \$110 billion in the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR), saving 26 million lives and enabling 7.8 million babies to be born HIV-free.ⁱⁱⁱ PEPFAR provides both comprehensive HIV prevention services and lifesaving HIV treatment in 55 countries.^{iv} We also support reporting requirements on the president's America First Global Health Strategy and delivery of vaccines and other innovative technologies for the prevention and treatment of HIV/AIDS, malaria and other infectious diseases.

\$720M

for Feed the Future's
Global Food Security
Strategy

President's
Budget Request:

Account Detail
Not Given
FY27

\$720M
FY26

\$960M
FY25

Feed the Future is a key U.S. government global hunger and food security initiative that enables farmers to apply improved agricultural practices, strengthen climate resilience, and increase sales by smallholder producers. The initiative also supplies pregnant women with nutrition-specific interventions. Between 2010-2019, the prevalence of extreme poverty decreased by an average of 19 percent in the areas where Feed the Future had focused its efforts. In 2023 alone, the value of annual sales from producers and firms supported by Feed the Future reached a record level of \$4.6 billion, including more than \$2.2 billion in sales by smallholder producers, and the initiative leveraged \$677 million in additional private-sector investment, more than double the level generated in 2020.^v Congress reauthorized the program in 2022 and provided a moderate increase in funding to \$1.2 billion, which has yet to be met in annual appropriations. In addition, we urge at least \$72 million in Feed the Future Innovation Labs funding, flat funding from FY26, which bolsters U.S.-based research at institutions of higher learning around the country.

\$5.4B

for International
Humanitarian
Assistance

President's
Budget Request:

\$4B
FY27

\$5.4B
FY26

New Account
in FY26
FY25

► **\$2.97B**
for International
Disaster
Assistance (IDA)

President's
Budget Request:

Proposed RESCISSION of \$1B
with Continued Funding TBA
FY27

\$2.97B
FY26

\$4.779B
FY25

This request includes \$2.97 billion for International Disaster Assistance (IDA). The IDA account provides humanitarian assistance to countries impacted by natural disasters, conflicts, and other crises, including funding for treatment of acute malnutrition. This funding is key to fighting hunger and malnutrition in the many crises our world faces this year.

\$1B

for International
Development
Association at the
World Bank

President's
Budget Request:

\$866.7Mⁱ
FY27

\$1B
FY26

\$1.38B
FY25

The International Development Association (IDA) at the World Bank is the largest single source of assistance for the world's 78 lowest-income countries. From 2023 to 2025, nearly 225 million people received essential health and nutrition services through IDA.^{vi} This request includes the second of three installments of the U.S. commitment to IDA21 (2025-2028). Every dollar in U.S. contributions to IDA leverages \$4 in contributions from other donors and internally generated resources.^{vii} IDA's model demonstrates a powerful return on investment, with at least 10 former recipient countries coming alongside the United States as donors to support today's poorest nations.^{viii}

ⁱ<https://www.state.gov/wp-content/uploads/2026/07/Report-Report-on-Nutrition-Outcomes-in-Fiscal-Year-2025-007308-Accessible-HRC1387164.pdf>

\$54M

for International
Fund for Agricultural
Development

President's
Budget Request:

\$47M
FY27

\$54M
FY26

\$43M
FY25

Funds from the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) help rural people build resilience, improve their food security, and contribute to poverty reduction. In its last replenishment, IFAD helped more than 77 million people increase their incomes, more than 62 million people expand their agricultural productivity, and more than 64 million people improve their market access.^{ix} IFAD aims to improve the lives of 100 million rural people by 2030.^x This request is for the third installment of the U.S. commitment to IFAD-13.

\$54M

for African
Development
Fund

President's
Budget Request:

Proposed RESCISSION
of \$197M
FY27

\$54M
FY26

\$197M
FY25

The African Development Fund (AfDF) provides grants and concessional loans to 37 low-income countries on the African continent. In 2024, AfDF supported more than 24,000 agribusinesses and nearly 525,000 farmers use improved technologies.^{xi} This request includes \$54 million toward the first installment of the U.S. commitment to AfDF-17 (2026-2029). Every dollar in U.S. contributions to the AfDF leverages more than \$16 in contributions from other donors and internally generated resources.^{xii}

\$43M

for Asian
Development
Fund

President's
Budget Request:

\$43.6M
FY27

\$43M
FY26

\$43.6M
FY25

The Asian Development Fund (AsDF) provides grants to the Asian Development Bank Group's lower-income member countries to promote poverty reduction and quality of life improvements. In its last replenishment, AsDF helped 384,000 people emerge from poverty.^{xiii} This request includes the second installment toward the U.S. pledge to AsDF-14 (2025-2028).

\$192M

for Natural Disaster
Preparedness and
Mitigation

President's
Budget Request:

Account Detail
Not Given
FY27

\$192M
FY26

New Account
FY25

As a new directive in FY26, this fund was appropriated for disaster preparedness and mitigation efforts under Bilateral Economic Assistance funds. Disasters cost the agriculture sector nearly \$99 billion each year while making it harder for communities to grow and access food. Improving disaster preparedness and readiness in high-risk areas is critical for ending hunger and maintaining global stability. Every \$1 dollar spent on disaster risk reduction saves \$15 in recovery costs.

IN AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS

The following accounts appear in the FY27 agriculture funding bill.

\$1.619B

Food for Peace

President's
Budget Request:

\$0

FY27

\$1.2B

FY26

\$1.619B

FY25

Food for Peace Title II programs provide emergency and long-term development food assistance targeting the most vulnerable populations. In fiscal year 2023 — the latest year for which there is data — Food for Peace reached more than 45 million people with emergency aid and nutrition assistance in 35 countries.^{xiv} Lifesaving emergency assistance is delivered primarily to communities affected by natural disasters, conflict, and chronic food insecurity. Grants provide emergency in-kind food donations from the United States, as well as culturally empowering locally purchased food, food vouchers, and market-based assistance. Development assistance builds on emergency relief efforts to support early recovery and strengthen communities' resilience to shocks, including by strengthening nutrition, water and sanitation services, agricultural productivity, and household income diversification.

\$240M

for McGovern-Dole
International Food for
Education and Child
Nutrition Program

President's
Budget Request:

\$0

FY27

\$240M

FY26

\$240M

FY25

McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition Program provides U.S. agricultural commodities along with financial and technical assistance to lower-income countries to establish school feeding programs for preschool and primary school children. In fiscal year 2023 — the latest year for which there is data — the program fed nutritious school meals to more than 2.5 million food-insecure children during the school year in 34 countries.^{xv} McGovern-Dole funds the transportation of donated U.S. agricultural products, educational instruction, teacher training, and school infrastructure construction. The program also works to increase access to safe water, improve sanitation, and partner with local farmers to bolster sustainable production of nutritious foods. McGovern-Dole projects work toward "graduating" the programs to be fully managed by each country's government, as has happened with the Kenyan Government's Home-Grown School Meals initiative.

\$24M

for Local and Regional Procurement

President's Budget Request:		
\$0 FY27	\$24M FY26	\$24M FY25

The Local and Regional Procurement (LRP) program funds the procurement of culturally empowering local and regional commodities for projects. It fills in the nutritional and food gaps created by unexpected emergencies and stimulates local markets by supporting livelihoods, increasing farmers' incomes, and creating jobs in the community. LRP runs in conjunction with McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition programs.

ⁱ Based on Bread for the World analysis.

ⁱⁱ Gavi the Vaccine Alliance (2024). "Gavi progress report 2024." <https://www.gavi.org/progress-report>.

ⁱⁱⁱ U.S. Department of State (2024). "PEPFAR Latest Global Results & Projections Factsheet (Dec. 2024)." <https://www.state.gov/pepfar-latest-global-results-factsheet-dec-2024>

^{iv} HIV.gov (2026). "PEPFAR." <http://www.hiv.gov/federal-response/pepfar-global-aids/pepfar>.

^v "Meeting the Moment," The Feed the Future Interagency Report 2024. <https://tinyurl.com/4whyevmx>.

^{vi} World Bank Group (n.c.). "IDA Funding Program." <https://treasury.worldbank.org/en/about/unit/treasury/ida-funding>.

^{vii} Center for Global Development (2025). "The ABCs of the IFIs." <https://www.cgdev.org/publication/abcs-ifis>.

^{viii} Based on Bread for the World analysis.

^{ix} IFAD (2021). IFAD Impact Assessment Report 2019-2021. <https://www.ifad.org/ifad-impact-assessment-report-2021/index.html>.

^x IFAD (n.d.). "Replenishment." <https://www.ifad.org/en/replenishment>.

^{xi} African Development Bank Group (2025). "AF-16 Delivery and Results Report - October 2025." <https://www.afdb.org/en/documents/adf-16-delivery-and-results-report-october-2025>.

^{xii} Center for Global Development (2025). "The African Development Fund Replenishment and the Resource Curse of 2025." <https://www.cgdev.org/publication/african-development-fund-replenishment-and-resource-curse-2025>.

^{xiii} Asian Development Fund (2025). Delivering Results for the Poorest and Most Vulnerable Populations." <https://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/page/561546/asian-development-fund-brochure.pdf>.

^{xiv} As previously reported by USAID.

^{xv} U.S. Department of Agriculture (2023). Fiscal Year 2023 International Food Assistance Report. https://www.fas.usda.gov/sites/default/files/2024-11/FINAL_IFAR_Report.pdf.

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